Hydropobic cold war warrior

Karl Wittfogel, who was born in Nuremberg, Germany, on November 25, 1922, and who died on October 13, 1993, at the age of 71 in Munich, was a renowned political scientist and scholar of East Asian history. He was a leading figure in the study of Chinese civilization, particularly the role of water control in the development of Chinese society.

Wittfogel was a key figure in the development of the concept of the 'hydropobic cold war' in Chinese history. This concept suggests that China's historical development was shaped by its reliance on water control, which created a system of social control and political order. His work on the history of China and the development of Chinese civilization has been influential in shaping our understanding of Chinese society and culture.

Wittfogel's work was characterized by his interdisciplinary approach, combining insights from political science, history, and anthropology. He was a professor at the University of California, Berkeley, and his writings have been translated into many languages, making his work accessible to a wide audience.

In addition to his academic contributions, Wittfogel was a respected public figure in Germany and was involved in various political activities. He was a member of the Social Democratic Party and was a vocal critic of the Nazi regime.

Wittfogel's contributions to the study of Chinese civilization and the history of the cold war have had a lasting impact on the field of political science and Chinese studies. His legacy continues to influence scholarly research and political discourse in these areas.

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**Birthdays**

The birthday of Alice Smith, the British writer and scholar, is celebrated on this day. Smith is known for her works on the history of Chinese literature and culture.

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**Deaths**

Benson Sherry, a prominent African American author and historian, passed away on this day. His works on African American history and culture have been influential in shaping our understanding of the American experience.

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**Family**

Pauline Wittfogel, the wife of Karl Wittfogel, died on this day. She was a significant figure in her own right, supporting her husband's work and contributing to his publications.

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**Business**

A new model of the Seagram Building, located in New York City, was unveiled on this day. The building is a famous landmark and a symbol of modernist architecture.

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**Sports**

The New York Giants football team won a significant game on this day, solidifying their position as a top team in the league.

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**Science**

A new discovery in genetics was announced on this day, revolutionizing our understanding of genetic inheritance.

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**Politics**

The new government of India was sworn in on this day, marking a new era in Indian politics and governance.

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**Celebrations**

The annual festival of Diwali was celebrated on this day, marking the victory of light over darkness.